## MATH 140 Practice Final

**1.** What is the domain of the function defined by  $f(x) = \ln(\ln x)$ ? (Answer: all x > 1)

**2.** If  $h(x) = 3 + x^3 + e^{2x}$ , what are the values of  $h^{-1}(4)$  and  $(h^{-1})'(4)$ ? (Answer:  $h^{-1}(4) = 0$  and  $(h^{-1})'(4) = \frac{1}{2}$ )

**3.** What is the equation of the line tangent to the ellipse  $3x^2 + 4y^2 = 12$  at the point  $(-1, \frac{3}{2})$ ? (Answer:  $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 2$ )

**4.** If *h* is very small, what is the best approximation to the value of  $\sin^{-1}(\frac{1}{2} + h)$ ? (Hint: Linearization; Answer:  $\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}h$ )

**5.** What are the global extrema of the function  $f(x) = x^4 - 4x^2 + 5$  on the interval [-2, 2]? (Answer: global minimum is 1 and global maximum is 5)

6. What is  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{2^x - \cos(x^2)}{x}$ ? (Hint: L'Hopital; Answer: ln 2)

7. The velocity of a car chased by the police is given by  $v(t) = t^2 e^{-t}$  ft/sec, where t is the time in seconds. What is the average velocity of the car during the first 2 seconds of this chase? (Hint: Integration by parts; Answer:  $1 - 5e^{-2}$  ft/sec)

8. If  $f(x) = (\sin x)^x$ , what is  $\frac{df}{dx} \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ ? (Hint: Logarithmic differentiation; Answer: 0)

**9.** If f is a continuous function such that

$$x^2 \sin(\pi x) = \int_1^{x^2} f(\sqrt{t}) dt$$

for all x, what is f(x)? (Hint: Take derivative of both sides with respect to x; Answer:  $f(x) = \sin(\pi x) + \frac{\pi}{2}x\cos(\pi x)$ )

10. What is  $\int \frac{2x^2 - x + 9}{x^3 - x^2 + 4x - 4} dx$ ? (Hint: Partial fractions; Answer:  $2 \ln |x - 1| - \frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}(\frac{x}{2}) + C$ ) 11. What is  $\int \sin \sqrt{x} dx$ ? (Hint: First a substitution, then integration by parts; Answer:  $-2\sqrt{x} \cos \sqrt{x} + 2 \sin \sqrt{x} + C$ )

**12.** What is the numerical value of  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos^2 \theta + 4} d\theta$ ? (Hint: Substitution; Answer:  $\frac{1}{2} \tan^{-1}(\frac{1}{2})$ )

**13.** What is the numerical value of  $\int_{-\frac{1}{3}}^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{1-9u^2} \, du$ ? (Hint: Use a trigonometric substitution; Answer:  $\frac{\pi}{6}$ )

14. A radioactive compound has half-life of T hours. An experiment starts with 16 grams of this compound; after 2 days only 0.25 grams of the sample is left. What is T? (Answer: T = 8 hours)

15. Car A is leaving an intersection at 20 mph heading north. Car B is approaching this intersection at 30 mph heading west. How fast is the distance between them changing at the moment when A is 3 miles north and B is 4 miles east of the intersection? (Answer: At that moment, the distance is decreasing at the rate of 12 mph)